

EKITI STATE GOVERNMENT

ARREARS CLEARANCE FRAMEWORK

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

OAGF Office of the Accountant-General of the Federation

APA Annual Performance Assessment

OAuGF Office of the Auditor General of the Federal

CB Capacity Building

DLI Disbursement Linked Indicator

DLR Disbursement Likened Result

DMO Debt Management Office, Abuja

EKSG Ekiti State Government

FAAC Federation Account Allocation Committee

FGN Federal Government of Nigeria

FMOF Federal Ministry of Finance

FRA Federal Responsibility Act

FRL Federal Responsibility Laws

FY Fiscal Year

GDP Gross Domestic Product

SHCF State Honourable Commissioner for Finance (Ekiti State)

IGR Internally Generated Revenue

ISPO Irrevocable Standing Payment Order

IVA Independent Verification Agent

MDA Ministries, Department and Agencies

PFM Public Financial Management

PforR Program for Result

SFTAS State Fiscal Transparency, Accountability and Sustainability

WB World Bank

SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Coverage and Scope of Ekiti State Arrears Clearance Framework Document

This document covers the policy guidelines and procedures for managing and settling the domestic expenditure arrears of Ekiti State Government. The State's arrears are financial obligations that have been incurred by Ekiti State Government for which payment have not been made by the due date.

The framework is guided by the World Bank and the Federal Debt Management Office's (DMO) Template for the establishment of Domestic Arrears Committee (DAC), as well as established best practices in the settlement of State's Domestic expenditure arrears.

The main categories of Ekiti State's Expenditure arrears are as follows: contractors' arrears, pension and gratuity arrears, salary arrears and judgement debt.

The shorter terms: "domestic expenditure arrears", "domestic arrears", and "arrears" used variously in the document refer to Ekiti State Government domestic expenditure arrears.

1.2 Purpose of the Framework Document

This framework document is aimed at providing practical guidance in the identification, recording and management of domestic expenditure arrears in the State. This will assist the State to establish processes and systems to reduce her stock of domestic arrears.

1.3 Users of the Framework Document

This framework is primarily meant for the government of Ekiti State. Besides, the staff of MDAs such as Ministry of Finance and Economic Development, Office of the Accountant-General, Ministry of Budget and Economic Planning, Office of the State Auditor-General, Bureau of Public Procurement, Ministry of Works and Transportation and other line MDAs, etc., who may be involved in debt management and settlement of arrears at one time or the other will find it useful.

The framework should be used in conjunction with other extant public finance laws and regulations, the accounting system and procedures manuals in the State.

1.4 Presentation of Total Stock of Domestic Expenditure Arrears of Ekiti State Government

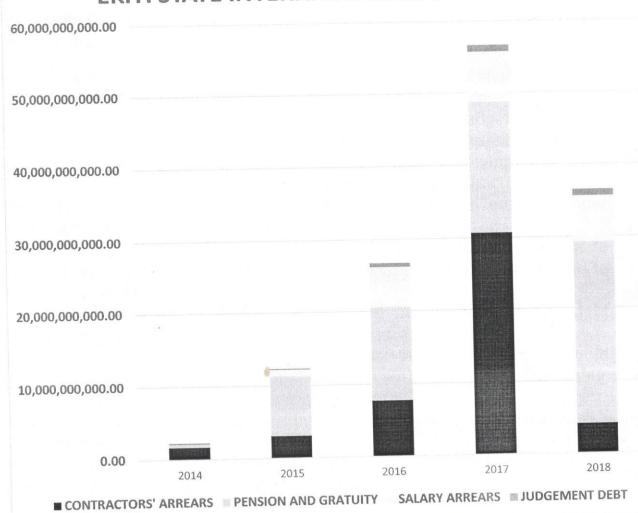
Table 1: Breakdown of Ekiti State Domestic Expenditure Arrears (2014-2018)

		YEAR END TOTAL STOCK OF DEMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS				
s/N	DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1	CONTRACTORS' ARREARS	1,654,485,913.24	3,039,944,771.40	7,692,163,471.13	30,674,555,073.86	4,069,919,464.12
2	PENSION AND GRATUITY	424,485,181.84	8,280,037,744.87	12,818,858,441.38	18,037,630,325.42	25,171,125,239.08
3	SALARY ARREARS		855,047,211.42	5,654,753,864.03	6,963,409,007.41	6,337,350,122.35
4	JUDGEMENT DEBT	165,830,549.03	165,830,549.03	530,939,119.67	922,922,682.00	914,853,745.58
	TOTAL	2,244,801,644.11	12,340,860,276.72	26,696,714,896.21	56,598,517,088.69	36,493,248,571.13

- Note: (i) The verified Contractors Arrears as at end of Q4, 2018 is N4,069,919,464.12 as against N28,575,946,572.26 which was initially captured in the returns forwarded to the DMO, Abuja. The figure was arrived at after the verification done by the State Domestic Arrears Committee.
 - (ii) Debt Status of Gratuity and Pension as at December, 2018 is
 N25, 171,125,239.00 as against N24,786,949,522.40 initially captured after verification by the State Domestic Arrears Committee

Source: Ekiti State Debt Management Unit.

EKITI STATE INTERNAL DOMESTIC ARREAR



1.5 Description of the State's Policy on Arrears

Ekiti State Government shall adopt the following measures to clear her existing arrears and prevent accumulation of new one:

 i. strengthen legal and regulatory framework. the State shall empower her legal and regulatory framework on financial issues;

ii. enhance the credibility and realism of the State's budget. The State's budget shall be a realistic plan for expenditures based on conservatively estimated revenues and the borrowing limit shall include a margin to handle the situation of revenue shortfalls;

iii. improve accounting and reporting. the State shall ensure proper accounting and reporting;

iv. the State Government shall strengthen her commitment controls to effectively limit commitments to approved budget allocations and to availability of actual cash;

v. the State shall facilitate improved and integrated cash and debt management;

vi. the State shall enhance oversight of state-owned enterprises should the reasons for arrears accumulation rest with other parts of the public sector:

vii. Establishment of Treasury Single Account (TSA) to reduce State's reliance on commercial banks loans;

viii. Payment shall be centralized to the State Treasury to prevent arrears as a result of administrative hurdles;

ix. Upgrading the government financial management information systems. The system should handle the entire expenditure chain, including the release of budget funds, commitments against the budget funds, production of purchase orders based on commitments, receipt of invoices within the purchase orders, receipt of goods and services claimed in the invoices, and payment or non-payment of invoices;

x. Monthly Cash management meeting shall be held to guide the government decision on budget fund releases.

SECTION 2. PLANNED ACTIONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF EKITI STATE

DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS

Ekiti State Multi-years Plan is the financial plan of the State for clearance of her stock of arrears based on the total fund available in the State's current budget year and the budget year to come.

The State Government shall clear her arrears using funds from any of the following sources:

- The State's Internally Generated Revenue;
- Grant from the Federal Government of Donor;
- Borrowing from the Commercial Banks
- Bonds

SECTION 3: PRIORITIZATION CRITERIA FOR ARREAR CLEARANCE

Until recently, there was no comprehensive effective sub-national arrears clearance strategy in Nigeria. To varying degrees, States have institutional mechanisms for prioritizing the payment of domestic expenditure arrears. The volume of the arrears of most States are usually too large to be cleared within a fiscal year.

Ekiti State Government shall adopt any of the following criteria/approaches in deciding which of her domestic expenditure arrears to be paid.

3.1 Prioritization Criteria/Approaches between Types of Arrears

APPROACH 1

Allocation of available fund among the types of the arrears in proportion to their share of the total outstanding stock of arrears

APPROACH 2

Allocation of available fund on a particular type of arrears.

3.2 Prioritization Criteria/Approaches within Types of Arrears

S/N	CRITERIA/ APPROACHES	RATIONALE	REQUIRED DATA			
1	CONTRACTORS					
	Ongoing works first	Ensures ongoing works are completed	Status of project construction			
	Largest first	Largest injury (in terms of arrear value) is addressed first	Value of outstanding arrear			
	Smallest first	Allows many individual arrears to be paid immediately and focuses funds on small firms that may be vulnerable to cash flow problems (assuming most small arrears are owed to small contractors)				
	Oldest first	Creditor who has been waiting longest is paid first	Date missed payment was first due			
	Subject to penalties first	Paying arrears that bear penalties for late payment reduces cost to state	Contract terms: whether provide for late penalties			
2	SALARIES					
	Oldest first	Largest injury (in terms of delay) is addressed first	Date missed payment was due			
	Smallest first	first Allows many individual arrears to be paid immediately and focuses funds on lowest paid workers that may be vulnerable to cash flow problems				
	Equal percent	All staff receive something, regardless of when salary payment was first missed or level of salary	Amount owed to each staff			

3	PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES					
	Oldest first	st first Largest injury (in terms of delay) is addressed first				
	Equal percent to all	All pensioners receive something, regardless of when they retired	Amount owed to each pensioner			
4	JUDGEMENT DEBT					
	Oldest first	dest first Largest injury (in terms of delay) is addressed first				
			payment was due			

SECTION 4: ORGANIZATIONAL/INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT

4.1 Description of the organizational/institutional arrangement for

Implementation of the Framework

Ekiti State is a participant in the Federal Government of Nigeria (FGN) and World Bank multi-year (2018-2022) program to support Nigerian states to strengthen fiscal performance and sustainability. One of the disbursement-linked indicators under the Program (DLI #8) requires the state to establish a database of verified domestic arrears, establish an arrears clearance framework (ACF) setting out the procedures to clear the stock of arrears, and implement the ACF.

To this end, a committee known as the Domestic Arrear Committee has been put in place as institutional arrangement to be in charge of the overall arrears clearance process, including recording, verification, classification, reporting, prioritization and clearance of government domestic expenditure arrears in the State and to oversee the work of the State towards achieving the SFTAS DLI #8. The terms of reference guiding the work of the Committee are as follows.

4.2 Objective and Responsibilities of the Committee

The Committee shall support the Permanent Secretary for Finance in its responsibility for accurate recording, verification and reporting of domestic arrears balances across all types. The Committee should ensure that the arrears are adequately classified for prioritization purposes, develop the ACF and produce the State Arrears Recording, Verification and Clearance Report. Its duties will include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Introduction of specific guidelines setting out the roles and responsibilities of individuals and institutions for the recording of domestic arrears. i.e. the roles and responsibilities of each Primary Record Holder (the entity primarily responsible for keeping the records for each type of arrears). This will include specific reporting requirements (i.e. the use of agreed recording templates and any supporting schedules) and timelines for submission to the committee (monthly).
- Introduction of specific guidelines setting out the roles and responsibilities of individuals and institutions for the verification of domestic arrears balances. i.e. the role of Internal Audit, Inspectorates, and contracted consultants. This will include reporting requirements (a validated copy of the agreed recording templates and any

- supporting schedules) and timelines for submission to the Domestic Arrears Committee (monthly).
- The creation, maintenance and regular (monthly) update of an accurate internal domestic expenditure arrears database and the publicly-accessible online version of the database.
- Oversight of the overall recording, verification and reporting processes for domestic expenditure arrears to ensure that they meet the requirements of SFTAS DLI #8 as described in the SFTAS verification protocols.
- Ensure adequate classification of the arrears for prioritization purposes.
- Develop the State's Arrears Clearance Framework (ACF), including policies on prioritization and clearance of arrears.
- Provide accurate monthly, quarterly, and annual reports that present the position for verified domestic arrears and the progress made in implementing the State's ACF.
- Provide data/documentation to support the verification of SFTAS DLI #8, including the State Arrears Recording, Verification and Clearance Report.

4.2.1 Specific activities

Specific activities for the committee include but are not limited to the following:

- a. Adoption and implementation of records management guidelines for domestic arrears.
- b. Adoption and implementation of verification guidelines for all types of domestic arrears.
- c. Establishment of a consolidated internal domestic arrears database.
- d. Establishment of a publicly-assessible online version of the database.
- e. Reporting of valid and verified domestic arrears to end-users.
- f. Development of the ACF.
- g. Produce the State Arrears Recording, Verification and Clearance Report.

4.3 Supervision and Reporting Arrangements

The Committee will report directly to the State Governor through the Honourable Commissioner for Finance and Economic Development, keeping the appointed SFTAS focal persons informed.

4.4 Membership of the Committee

The membership of the Committee will be as follows;

	Commissioner of Finance and Economic Develop	pment	(Chairman)
	PS – Ministry of Finance and Economic Develop	ment	(Member)
•	Rep. State Accountant-General		(Member)
•	Rep. PS, Ministry of Works and Transport		(Member)
•	Rep. PS, Ministry of Budget and Eco. Planning		(Member)
•	Rep. PS, Cabinet and Special Services		(Member)
•	Executive Secretary – Central Internal Audit		,
			(Member)
•	Secretary, BPP		(Member)
•	Director, Expenditure,		(Member)
•	Head, State DMO	-10	
•	Director, State Finances	(Member	/Secretary)

The Committee will also include the SFTAS focal persons and any other individuals so appointed by the Chairman.

4.5 Committee Secretariat

The Committee shall establish a Secretariat to support its work using existing Staff or Units within State's Debt Management Unit.

4.6 Powers and authorities of the Committee

The Committee shall have delegated authority to request any and every information it requires in order to carry out its functions.

The Committee will be able to incur expenditures, including the engagement of professional assistance in the course of executing its role. All expenditures must be incurred through the procurement systems of the selected institution.

Signed

Honourable Commissioner for Finance and Economic Development